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ABSTRACT

This earth science guide, for use at the secondary level, is one of a series of guides, K-12, that were developed by teachers to help introduce environmental education into the total curriculum. The guides are supplementary in design, containing a series of episodes (minilessons) that focus on student-centered activities allowing the student to make observations, collect data, interpret results, and draw conclusions. The episodes are built around 12 major environmental concepts that form a framework for each grade or subject area, as well as for the entire K-12 program. Although the same concepts are used throughout the K-12 program, emphasis is placed on different aspects of each concept at different grade levels or in different subject areas. This quide focuses on aspects such as climatic ecosystems, land use, and atmosphere. Most of the 12 concepts are covered in one of the episodes contained in the guide. Further, each episode offers subject area integration, subject area activities, interdisciplinary activities, cognitive and affective behavioral objectives, and suggested references and resource materials useful to teachers and students. (Author/TK)

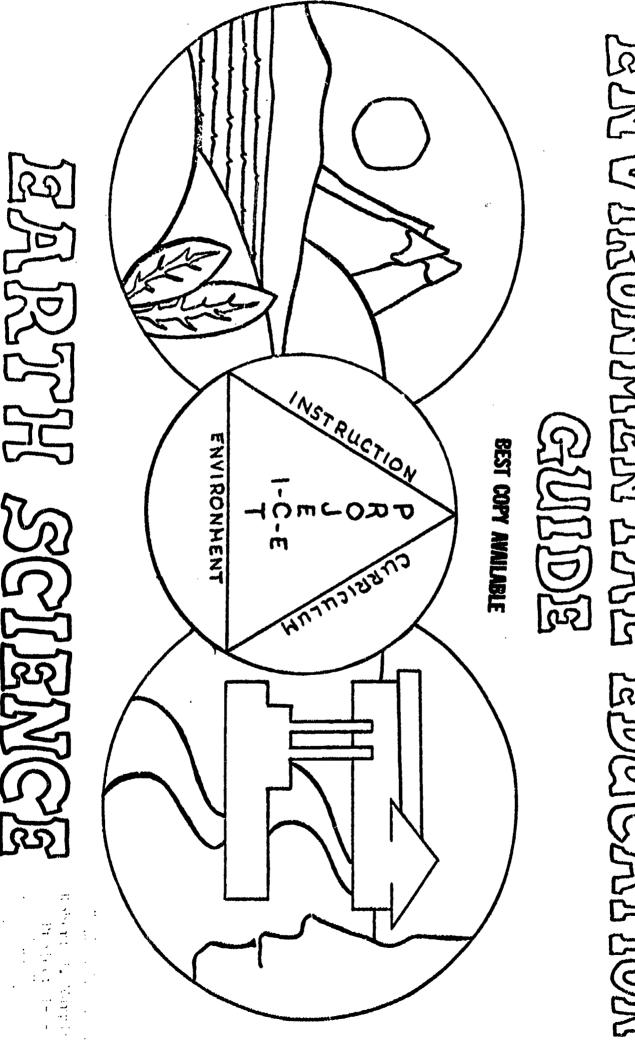


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US DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH EDUCATION & WELFARE NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF

ED 100553





PROJECT I - C - E
(Instruction-Curriculum-Environment)
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Serving All Schools in Cooperative Educational Service Agencies 3-8-9 Wisconsin Area "B" Regional Project

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Project Administrator

FORWARD TO PROJECT I-C-E ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION GUIDES

In 1969, the First Environmental Quality Education Act was proposed in the United States Congress. At the time of the introduction of that legislation, I stated:

"There is a dire need to improve the understanding by Americans of the ominous deterioration of the Nation's environment and the increasing threat of irreversible ecological catastrophe. We must all become stewards for the preservation of life on our resourcedeficient planet."

In the three years since the Environmental Education Act was passed by the Congress, much has happened in the United States to reinforce the great need for effective environmental education for the Nation's young people. The intensive concern over adequate energy resources, the continuing degradation of our air and water, and the discussion over the economic costs of the war against pollution have all brought the question of the environmental quality of this nation to a concern not merely of aesthetics but of the survival of the human race.

The intense interest by the public in the quality of our lives

as affected by the environment clearly indicates that we cannot just use incentives and prescriptions to industry and other sources of pollution. That is necessary, but not sufficient." The race between education and catastrophe can be won by education if we marshall our resources in a systematic manner and squarely confront the long-term approach to saving our environment through the process of education.

As the incessant conqueror of nature, we must reexamine our place and role. Our world is no longer an endless frontier. We constantly are feeling the backlash from many of our ill-conceived efforts to achieve progress.

Rachel Carson's theme of "reverence for life" is becoming less mystical and of more substance as our eyes are opened to much of the havoc we have wrought under the guise of progress. A strong commitment to an allembracing program of environmental education will help us to find that new working definition of progress that is a pre-requisite to the continued presence of life on this planet.

Senator Gaylord Nelson

PKETACE

An understanding of the basic earth processes is a vital part of environmental awareness. To study the natural changes that take place in the earth and the physical environment would seem pointless without a study of man's intervention or the elements.

of the type of experiences to be found, we have included a unit on natural resources which explores the problem of resource distribution. In this unit the students explore Concept #6 by developing an "Impossible Times Newspaper" through assembling "not likely to happen" headlines and short newspaper type articles. Through their research and self direction, The children's awareness of the physical environment can be greatly enhanced by their involvement with it. This involvement should be through student-centered activities which allow them to make observations, collect data, interpret results and draw conclusions. The the students will become aware of the problems of conservation and develop recommendations and feelings for the wise use of our natural resources. materials we have included in this booklet we hope will meet this objective. As an example

program but only as a supplement to your existing programs. The units we have included are not intended to be all inclusive or a total earth science



ACKNOWL EDGEMENT

Project I-C-E Environmental Education K-12 series: The interest and dedicated effort of the following teachers from Wisconsin Area "B" has led to the development of the

Wen Coullard, Worth and Il-Willard Colling, Time to the Ronald Conradt, The Tea eallen Staup, Lend The second secon Merle Colburt, Sigma Pathorn College, Classes Tarmella Bleeba, areen Bay Merlya Glendr, Shawann Los Clasen, Disembrogolises hob danreh, little dan -COLEG AND CHEROCOMOCKE, WINDOWS NOW William Bosney Wimberly Barbara Jose Bobrowitz, Green Bav Pater Blobs, W. Defere Laura Berken, ecoto Talis Lillin Berges. Segment Lousene Beater, Allett Marie Below, Clintonville David Sell, Neenah William Beiring, Lourdes, Oshkosh Bonnie Beamer, Geleman Lowell Baltz, Weyauwega Angela Anthony, Gibraltar James Anderson, Green Bay John Anderson, Peshtigo Robert Becker, Fox Valley Luth., Appl. David Bartz, Sturgeon Bay Anthony Balistreri, Howard-Suamico William Baggs, Shiocton Dr. Harold Baeten, St. Norbert, DePere Walter Anderson, Wausaukee Peggy Anderson, Green Bay Found harmet ki, Texast pel Eugene Anderson, Peshtigo Mary Anders, Winneconne Joan Alioto, Denmark D. C. Aderhold, Bonduel

Robert J. Haglund, Green Bay Sr. Barbara Haase, St. Bernard, G.B. Karen Grunwald, St. James Luth., Shawano Charles Gostas, Freedom Lillian Goddard, Goleman Mike Gleffe, St. Matthews, Green Bay Janelle Hagerty, Resurrection, G.B. Michael Haasch, Pulaski Rev. Gordon Gilsderf, Sacred Heart, Oneida Jack Giachino, Seymour Leroy Gerl, Oconto Armin Gerhardt, Appleton Dona Geeding, Menasha Raymond Gantenbein, Green Bay Ann Fuhrmann, Marinette Rev. Bruno Frigo, Abbot Pennings, DePere Billie Feichtinger, Green Bay keith Fawcett, W. DePorc Gery Farrell, Menasha Raymond Emerich, Hortonville Janet Elinger, Ashwaubenon Mike Ercegovac, Winneconne Phyllis Ellefson, Wash. Island Darwin Eastman, Appleton Dennis Dobrzenski, White Lake Linda Eiting, Appleton Roberta Dix, St. Joe's Acad., Robert H. Dickinson, Oconto Duane DeLorme, Green Bay Carol DeGroot, Ashwaubenon Sara Curtis, Green Bay R. A. Dirks, Gillett John DeWan, Green Bay Ellen DePuydt, Gillett Judy DeGrave, W. DePere Nicholas Dal Santo, Pembine James Curran, Green Bay John Cowling, Niagara

Ister Kaath, Worksankee George Kreiling, Warin 114 Mike Kerston, Saring Ken Kelibert Applettes Mel Kasen, other lear Kris Karpiner, b. Seere Paul Kane, Asherdeer ee Darrell Johnson, Wartworll's DeAnna Johnson, Wartworl Sr. Claudette Jeomphart. W. Wandes. Barbara Buth. Menasira James Huss, Freedow Mary Chriss, Burtonidia Ken Kappell, St. Aless Spe. Vankar Sr. Lois Jenet. Hely keep by Spacke Kathleen Jonen. Manigons John Husser, Green Mac Catherine Huppert, Deliver Gene Hurrish, Green Ber Sue Husting, Cross har Joe Hucck, Pulaski Robert Herz, St. James Loth., Slaward Mike Hawkins, Navier, Appleton Beth Hawkins, Navier, Appleten Bill Harper, Lena Herbert Hardt, Gibraltar Nannette Hoppe, Howard-Scamics Wendell Hillskotter, Weyauwega Jerome Hennes, Little Chate Gary Heil, Denmark Terry Heckel, Marinette Emmajean Harmann, Sevastepel Russ Hanseter, Seymour Raymond Hammond, Hortonville Lee Hallberg, Appleton Donald Hale, Winneconne Robert Haen, Luxemburg-Casco Robert Meyer, Neenah Priscilla Mereness, Wrightstown Rick Menard, Little Chute Mary Mathis, Denmark Steven F. Lapacz, Resurrection, G.B. Sr. Mary Alyce Lach, Cathedral, G.B. Jim Krueger, Winneconne Everett Klinzing, New London Bernadyne King, Neenah James Krenek, Coleman Margaret McMahon, Little Chute Kathleen McMahon, Green Bay Judy McGown, Green Bay Margaret McCambridge, White Lake Boris Malcheski, Howard-Suamico Sr. Anna Maar, St. Philips, G. B. Roy Lukes, Gibraltar Harold Lindhorst, St. Martin Luth., Clint. Don Leibelt, Green Bay Robert Lee, Neenah Mar Rose LaPointe, St. John High, L. Chute Ervin Kunesh, Marinette Fritz Krueger, Oshkosh Fred Krueger, Oshkosh Jack Koivisto, Green Bay Lynn Koehn, Pulaski Frank Koehn, Resurrection, G.B. Douglas Koch, Cath. Cent., Marinette bonald Marsh, Bonduel Ellen Lotz, W. DePere Dennis Lord, Little Wolf Edward Linn, Appleton Phillip Lewicki, Gillett Kathleen LeBreck, Oconto Resemanie Lauer, Hortonville Joyce Mateju, Algoma James Maki, Sturgeon Bay Judy Lucdake, St. Rose, Clintonville lean Lucier, Ashwaubenon Ichn Little, Winneconne Thomas LaFountain, Appleton

William Schaff, St. Joseph, Appleton Carl Paquet, Denmark Edwin Schaefer, Kaukauna Elmer Schabo, Niagara Mary Margaret Sauer, Menasha William Roberts, Sturgeon Bay Virginia Pomusl, White Lake Willard Poupore, Little Chute Connie Petersen, St. Martin Luth., Clint. Sr. Derothy Marie Tappa, Navier. Appl. AnnaMay Peters, Florence Jim Nuthals, Lourdes, Oshkosh Arnold Neuzil, Shiocton Sharon Moore, Pulaski Wendell Mitchell, Green Bay Richard Minten, W. DePere Roger Roznowski, Southern Door Kathryn Rowe, Appleton Jack Rickaby, Portonville Mark Reddel, St. Martin Luth., Clint. Rosemarie Rafath, Clintonville Arthur Paulson, Oconto Falls Jean Marie O'Malley, Green Bay Neil Olsen, Pulaski Mildred O'Connell, Green Bay Dorothy O'Brien, Wausaukee Lyle Nahley, Green Bay Gloria Morgan, Linsmeier, G.B. David Miskulin, Goodman Ben Reloff, Howard-Suamico Gladys Roland, Little Welf Gordon Rohloff, Oshkosh Christine Prector, Wausaukee Marie Prochaska, Lena Gene Ploetz, Kaukauna Paul Plantico, Green Bay George Pederson, Southern Door David Paulus, Neenah Ed Patschke, Menasha Terry Otto, St. John Luth., Suring Don Olsen, Shawano Jack Rosenthal, Lourdes, Oshkosh

Peggy Wolfgram, Pulaski Warren Wolf, Kimberly Ralph Wohlt, New London James Wiza, Defero Dallas Werner, Kackanna Susan Weller, Green Bay Cathy Warnach, White lake Ruth Ward, Crivitz Mary Wadrinski, Howard-Stamles Jack Twet, Preedom Carol Trimberger, Kewaunce John Torgerson, Kewannee John Thire, Denmark Nancy Tebe, Neenah Richard Switzer, Little Chute Judy Sweede, Penmark Ginger Stuvetraa, Oshkosh Bill Stillion, Shawano Doris Stehr, Mt. Colvary Luth., Kimberly Wayne Splitgerber, Green Bay Beverly Splitgerber, Green Bay Bruce Sonnenberg, Necnah David Soltesz, Crivitz Lee Smoll, Little Chute Mary Smith, Green Bay Peter Skroch, Oconto Falls Calvin Siegrist, Howard-Suamico Carolyn Stoehr, New London Janet Serrahn, Sevastopol Ron Schreier, Omro Larry Schneider, DePere Greg Schmitt, Cathedral, G.B. Arthur Schelk, Suring Ruth Windmuller, Green Bay Marion Wagner, willett Tim Van Susteren, Helv Name, Appleten Clarence Troutlage, Freedem Allan Schuh, Pulaski Tom Weyers, Cathedral, Green Bay Lila Wertsch, St. Margaret Mary, Nechab

DIRECTIONS FOR USING THIS GUIDE

This guide contains a series of episodes (mini-lesson plans), each containing a number of suggested in and out of class learning activities. The episodes are built around 12 major environmental concepts that form a framework for each grade or subject area, as well as for the entire K-12 program. Further, each episode offers subject area integration, multi-disciplinary activities, where applicable, both cognitive and affective behavioral objectives and suggested reference and resource materials useful to the teacher and students.

- in design--it is not a complete course of study, nor is its arrangement sequential. You can teach environmentally within the context of your course of study or units by integrating the many ideas and activities suggested.
- 2. The suggested learning activities are departures from regular text or curriculum programs, while providing for skill development.

- · You decide when any concepts, objectives, activities and resources can conveniently be included in your unit.
- 4. All episodes can be adapted, modified, or expanded thereby providing great flexibility for any teaching situation.
- area has its own topic or unit emphasis, inter-grade coordination or subject area articulation to avoid duplication and overlap is highly recommended for any school or district seeking effective implementation.

This total K-12 environmental education series is the product of 235 classroom teachers from Northeastern Wisconsin. They created, used, revised and edited these guides over a period of four years. To this first step in the 1,000 mile journey of human survival, we invite you to take the second step--by using this guide and by adding your own inspirations along the way.

PROJECT I-C-E TWELVE MAJOR ENVIRONMENTAL CONCEPTS

- 1. The sun is the basic source of energy on earth. Trans-formation of sun energy to other energy forms (often begun by plant photosynthesis) provides food, fuel and power for life systems and machines.
- 2. All living organisms interact among themselves and their environment, forming an intricate unit called an ecosystem.
- 3. Environmental factors are limiting on the numbers of organisms living within their influence. Thus, each ecosystem has a carrying capacity.
- 4. An adequate supply of clean water is essential to life.
- 5. An adequate supply of clean air is essential for life.
- 6. The distribution of natural resources and the interaction of physical environmental factors greatly affect the quality of life.

- transportation, economic conditions, population growth and increased leisure time influence changes in land use and population densities.
- 8. Cultural, economic, social, and political factors determine man's values and attitudes toward his environment.
- 9. Man has the ability to manage, manipulate and change his environment.
- 10. Short-term economic gains may produce long-term environmental losses.
- 11. Individual acts, duplicated
 or compounded, produce sig nificant environmental
 alterations over time.
- 12. Each person must exercise stewardship of the earth for the benefit of mankind.

A "Concept Rationale" booklet and a slide/tape program "Man Needs His Environment" are available from the I-C-E RMC to more fully explain these concepts.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

12	===	Ü	v	7	6	4	ω	2	Concept
Energy Tesources	Atmosphere Coasomation Eavinoamental Change	Soil Conservation	Land Use	Land Use	Matural Resources	Hydrologic Cycle	Climatic Ecosystems	Environmental Structure	Topic
		·							BEST COPY AVAILABLE
29	23 25 27	· 21	19	17	13 15	11	9	7	Page No.

CONCEPT NO. 2 - Ecosystem PRIENTATION Ecosystem EHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES ognitive: Interpret data concerning the interactions of an ecosystem from observations relating to the interaction of an ecosystem. Pre-
SUBJECT ystem TOPIC/UNIT STUDENT-CENTERED I In-Class: In-Class: Stem from A. Students should be arranged

Publications:

Books:

The Balance of Nature,
Miline, Margery, Alfred A. Knopf.
New York, N.Y.
Standard Methods For the Examination
of Water and Wastewater,
U. S. Dept. of Public Health.

Audio-Visual:

Conservation & Balance in Nature, (color) 18 minutes, International Film Bureau, BAVI.
Field Trip to a Fish Hatchery, 10 min., Coronet, BAVI.
Plant-Animal Communities:
Ecological Succession (color)
14 min., Coronet, BAVI.

Community:

Resource people Dept. of Natural Resources Fish hatcheries

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Classroom: (Continued)

5. Class discussion of findings should follow written reports.



Title III Ε. **PROJECT** A 59--70--0135 1--C--E Skills Used: Affective: BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES CONCEPT NO Cognitive ORIENTATION Environmental: ω.4 mental conditions have certain organisms associated within it. Question why different environorganisms within a region living in that environment. regions of the world and the ef-Sather data concerning climatic and why they exist there ing factor on the organisms fect of the climate as a limitthe relationship of certain into a written report showing Organize data of a given area Organization of material Construction of graphs and Research of subject matter material (written and oral) Presentation of research charts Habitat Determination 3 - Carrying Capacity BEST COPY AVAILABLE ·. Þ 55 In-Class: Results of student research climatic conditions and biotic will organize a report showing of charts, graphs, drawings, and collections of data, the student ditions and organism habitat between environmental conshould show the relationship community within the region. organisms associated within the interrelationships between Study of climatic conditions to investigate. Through the use Students will select a region those regions. in various regions and main Desert regions additional regions Mediterranean region Tundra regions Student suggestions for Equatorial region STUDENT-CENTERED LEARNING ACTIVITIES SUBJECT Integrated with: TOPIC/UNIT C. Climatic Ecosystems Earth Science Outside or Community: Compile a written report comparing regions of study. No a comparative study of a ditions and cheanisms associ-Study of local climate conlocality in a fereign countr ated with it. Contact echassy of a Contact local meternmation on characteristic management personnel, or matic information. conditions and characformation on climatic college or university Contact To all PIB official, teristic organisms. foreign country for inlocal organisms. faculty sember for inforlogical agency for ..iforestry o perf. wildlife

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

;

Publications:

Time-Life: Books on environmental regions.

Audio-Visual:

Desert Oveller-Plants and Animals, BAVI.

Community:

Local game management personnel. Faculty members of Universities familiar with regions of the world. Possible exchange students from a region studied.



	E. S. E. A. Title III PROJECT 1-C-E 59-70-0135-4		··· ··· ··· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Skills Used: 1. Accumulation and organization of data. 2. Discussion of man's use and misuse of water.	her crally or by ort the water cyclements as to whe a factor will in ecrease the water or an area, using f the hydrologic eject the need to dge about the ologic cycle for ving.	ORIENTATION Water	5
zation	nis de.	r Use	
	In-Class: A. Show film, "The Water Cycle Read and discuss "The Water Cycle Read and discuss "The Water Cycle Read and discuss "The Water Cycle" "Odern Earth Science p. 259-259. C. The students will gather data of water use projections, local water recycling and incorporate their data into grap charts, and maps and compil a written or oral renort to support their understanding of the hydrologic processes	TOI TOILTS	BEST COPY AVAILABLE In
	ter nce, nce, nce, sile	PIC/UNIT	Integrated with:
	rield Trield Trield Trield Trien planter water when the future. Coal water water weater water wa	Hydrologic Cycle Hydrologic Cycle	

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Modern Earth Science, c 1969, Holt, Rinehart, & Winston, pp. 256-259. The Sea Around Us, Excerpts on water's birth.

Audio-Visual:

"The Water Cycle"
10 min. Encyclopedia Brittanica
Films, Inc.

Community

Field trip to any suitable piece of land.



SUGGESTED RESOURCES CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Classroom: (Continued)

C. Discuss the newspaper, having students give an explanation of their articles. Each student should, after discussion, know where and how each resource originated and where it is found.

Skills: (Continued)

- . Humorous and brief article of the newspaper variety.
- 4. Use of community resources.

Audio-Visual:

Films:

Our Vanishing Land, color, 16 min. McGraw-Hill.

Our Part in Conservation, McGraw-Hill.

Community:

Library
Geology Club
Museum
Oil companies
U. S. Forest Service



Environmental:	BEST COPY	Y AVAILABLE	Integrated with:		
CONCEPT NO. 6 - Resources			SUBJECT E	Earth Sciences	
ORIENTATION Fuels for Energy	Production	tion	TOPIC/UNIT	Natural Resources	
BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES		STUDENT	-CENTERED L	EARNING ACTIVITIES	
Cognitive:	In Class:	SS:		Outside of Comm	Community:
Express orally and by written	P (0	students, in small	all groups, will	A. Panel discus	sion with guest
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Explain why f	~	rates of ten y	ten years ago. Con-	and addi	¥
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Affective:	5			2. Do prese	cains '
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patald	С	chart showing a	1111		
nd which will fulfill	• 0	ergy	sources now and		suggestions after
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	q	projections of	ion		
as the best way to reduce the	ad ,		growth and power		
energy crises at the present		needs for the future	uture.		
time.	D.	the student groups should,	ups should,		
Skills Used:	<u>م</u> د	recommend repla	replacements for		
ccumulating	c	those fuels which are	ch are in		
		danger of complete depletion.	ete depletion.		
iscussion or env		+ Spokesiidn Tor	each gro		
effects of power sources.	י ב		ر زح		
**************************************	in	the form of	an oral report.		

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Earth Science, Brown, Kemper,
Lewis, Silver Burdett Company,
Morristown, N. J., 1970 566 p.
The Earth: Its Changing Form.
Beck, P. F. Strahler, A. D.,
Harcourt, Brace, & World, 1970, 598 p.
Conservation, American Petroleum
Institute, School Programs,
1271 Avenue of the Americas,
1271 Avenue of the Americas,
1271 Avenue of the Experiences,
Clark Publishing Company.

Audio-Visual:

Community



***	E. S. E. A. Title III - PROJECT I-C	:-Е 59700135 4	
Skills Used: 1. Collecting data 2. Organization of materials 3. Map making 4. Graphs and diagrams	that will probably result from a given change in one of the factors above. Affective: Attempt to illustrate that land conditions determine usage and will influence where people live.	vioral Objectives ive: y the principles of re nalyzing the soil, wat and geographical feat given area to discove each influences the la ict the change in lanc	CONCEPT NO. 7 - Land Use ORIENTATION Research of local
ing. depleti dearir dearir	pu cr	A. Research on Land Use of the Area. 1. Use for recreation 2. Use for roads 3. Residential uses 4. Commercial and industrial	Integrated with: SUBJECT TOPIC/UNIT
	0 · 0 C	Outside or Community: A. Students will select one aspect of the area to investigate such as: 1. Soil 2. Geological features 3. Air	Earth Science

Hew York. Environmental Studies, BAVI. Masters of the Soil, 23 min. Ethyl 1948 Environmental Studies, BAVI. Man Uses and thanges the Land, Themin., Coronet 1967, Conserving our Soil Today, II min., Coronet 1960, Alfred A. Knopf, Inc., New York. 1959. of the Universe, World Publishing Co., Meyer, Jerome S. Asimov, Isaac. Asimov, Isaac. Enviconmental Studies, BAVI Heritage We Suard, 31 min., USDA 1940, Environmental Studies, BAVI. Kane, Henry B. New York. 1957. New York. 1957. Universe. SUGGESTED RESOURCES Basic Books, Inc., 1962. Publications Community Audio-Visual Abelard-Schuman, Ltd., The Tale of a Meadow. The Search for the Building Blocks of the The Elements: Builders and Sons, New York, 1959. Williams-Ellis, Annabel. The MacMillan Co., New York, 1957. Stallings, J. H. Soil: Use and Improvement. Prentice-Hall, Inc. Englewood Cliffs, N. J. 1957. Classroom: (Continued) Watts, Mary T. Publications: I-C-E Field Activity Guide, Land Use - A Simulation Activity Research on land, air, water, geological conditions l. Land (Soil) <u>ဟ</u>ာ Research: CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES Rock samples for identification Use soil testing kits for evaluation Geological conditions Students make oral and written presentations Use diagrams for soil layers and land formations Make graphs and charts of data Use water analysis and air quality kits Investigate and observe types of rocks and soils Water Students keep data on investigations Investigate minerals and their concentration in soils Rivers, streams, lakes (pollution of) Mineral conditions Soil types Natural land features Rainfall b. Runoff Soil conditioning Plant growth in types of soil Pollutants Industrial ii. Natural iii. Sanitary burning Valley Reading the LandScape: An Adventure in Ecology. (Continued) Valley ii. Hills iii. Plains iv. (red rock, types of rocks, soil depth) Man and the Good Earth. G. F. Putnar c. Ground water Rock formations

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Modern Earth Science, pp. 242-252, Holt, Rinehart & Winston, c. 1969.

Audio-Visual:

Filmstrip:
How Man Destroys Soil,
Society of Visual Education, Inc.
1345 Diversey Parkway,
Chicago, Illinois 60614

Community:



E. S. E. A. Title III PF	ROJECT I-C-E 59-70-0135	-4		
Promote the necessity for the use of soil conservation techniques to utilize the maximum water available from precipitation. Reserve judgment on the value of additional fertilizer on a given area for additional crop yield. Skills Used: 1. Use of stream table 2. Chemical analysis 3. Cause and effect	Explain in writing or orally, how water and soil loss occurs in areas under over-production, inadequate water and soil controls. Evaluate the use of additional fertilizer on cropland to increase the yield of a crop and the pollution that may result.	BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES	ORIENTATION Land Use	Environmental: CONCEPT NO. 10 - Economic Planning
	A. Film: Erosion: Leveling the Land. B. Readings: Modern Earth Science, pp. 242-252. C. Investigation: Activities for Modern Earth Science, 11-2.	STUDENT-CENTERED LEA	TOPIC/UNIT	Integrated with:
	A. Stream pollution B. Soil pollution: 1. Chemical 2. Misuse - poor management C. Over-production 1. Plant 2. Animal D. Water table determinations.	LEARNING ACTIVITIES	Soil Conservation	BEST COPY AVAILABLE

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Modern Earth Science, c. 1969, Holt, Rinehart & Winston, pp. 242-252. Activities for Modern Earth Science, Erosion and Conservation of Soil, 11-2.

Audio-Visual:

Film: Erosion: Leveling the Land, Encyclopaedia Britannica, Inc.

Community:

Field trip to any suitable area showing erosion and erosion control.

Local Agricultural Agent.

Department of Natural Resources.



CONCEPT NO. ORIENTATION ORIENTATION BEHAVIORAL Cognitive: Write a paper presentation has poiluted through poor
T NO. ATION AIR Pollution ORAL OBJECTIVES paper and give an oral ation to explain how man luted the atmosphere B.
lass:
SUBJECT SUBJECT TOPIC/UNIT STUDENT-CENTERED L filmstrip, Canopy of Air. Modern Earth Science,
Earth Science Atmosphere Community: A. Students can make of air pollution s

SUGGESTED RESOURCES **Publications:** CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Modern Earth Science, 1969, Holt, Rinehart & Winston. The Unclean Sky, Doubleday, 1967.

Audio-Visual:

Canopy of Air, Filmstrip, Life.

Community:

Department of Natural Resources



Dank.

(Continued)

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CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

SUGGESTED RESOURCES

Publications:

Rand McNally. pp. 300-305. Holt, Rinehart & Winston, c 1969. Modern Earth Science, Interaction of Earth and Time,

Audio-Visual:

Evolution of Shorelines, E. Shapiro and Company Flushing, New York 11355. 43055 Kissena Blvd. Filmstrip:

Community:

Field trip to suitable area: i.e., Lakeshore or river bank.

- Classroom: (Continued)

 C. 4. The students should make observations of the changes and record their findings in pictoral form.
- and wave action continued. The resulting profile should Water level could then be lowered and new profile marked
- then be recorded by the student.
 Students should then include with their pictures a written description of their observations.
- Included in the students' report should be research on shorelines and proposals for shoreline conservation practices.



E. A. Title III PROJECT I-C-E 59-70-0135 Skills Used: Affective: Cognitive: BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES ORIENTATION CONCEPT NO. Environmental: of the environment. change in a given area Recommend a beneficial change to determine whether cnange. it is a natural or man-made Analyze a given environmental measure environmental factors. an opportunity to observe and probably occur in the future Predict the changes that will for an area under study given change on an environment. Project selection and Inflicting of beneficial reporting of results Recording, interpreting and Project revision formulation Land Use <u> 1 - Individual Acts</u> In-Class: 4 ω Class resource-research student will compile a Upon approval of their and develop an outline. compile research and data proposal the students will of their project. finished report. From their outline, the ing the scope and content approval a proposal stat-Students will submit for want to examine. decide what aspect of area of study and will Students will select any their environment they STUDENT-CENTERED LEARNING ACTIVITIES SUBJECT TOPIC/UNIT integrated with: **Environmental** Change Earth Science 0 8 **Outside or Community:** Outside resources will destudy. They may include: pend upon selected area of groups. iscussions to matters of Speakers will confine their importance to the seminar projects. taining to their particular significant information perthe students feel may offer plan together to invite only Students and teachers will those outside speakers that Comprehensive study of Student suggestions Study of local water tables Soil depth-temp correla-Construction of model Pollution of local streams development. showing coriolis effect. Autumnai loss of leaves tions. Erosion in a new housing small pond. in local park area. inflow and outflow of a (Continued) 27

SUGGESTED RESOURCES CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Publications:

Modern Earth Science,
Holt, Rinehart & Winston, 1969.
The Earth: Its Changing Form,
Harcourt, Brace & World, 1970.
National Wildlife Federation
1412 - 16th Street
Washington, D. C. 20036,
A host of brochures, pamphlets and magazines.
List of publications is free.

Audio-Visual:

Community:

Outside Activity: (Continued)

D. Reporting methods may include photographs, tables, models, written and oral reports.



Skills Used: in rivers and lakes. nate oil as a water pollutant ship owners to reduce or elimisibility of oil companies and a judgment as to the responpollution in the world's Affective: water. describe the safest way of removing the oil from the using his model, will orally Construct an oil spill and by CONCEPT NO. Investigate the problem of Cognitive: BEHAVIORAL OBJECTIVES large bodies of water. ORIENTATION Environmental: opinion. Supporting a position or Gathering information Making evaluations. Preparing for discussion. Note taking. Exhibiting information. **Pollution** 12 - Stewardship Form سا 0 ? φ. In-Class: Construct a model of ocean Make displays showing ocean area. cleaning these up. contamination and ways of ? ω oil production and subsequent of the various aspects of oil, or in groups, will do research etc. pertaining to oil Readings from magazines, papers views through discussion. Students, either individually Reading: Modern Earth Science, pollution and present their pollution. P. 175-181. discussion. ground or charts and teacher Film: Panel - pros and cons of oil spills. up affected areas from Better ways of cleaning deposits. curing oil from ocean ownership as it pertains progress through private Study of safer ways of seoceans. to pollution of world's Rocks That Form Under-(Continued) STUDENT-CENTERED LEARNING ACTIVITIES SUBJECT Integrated with: TOPIC/UNIT Energy Resources Earth Science Outside or Community: 29

S. E. A.

Title III

PROJECT

I-C-E

59-70-0135-4

Publications:

Modern Earth Science, C. 1969,
Holt, Rinchart & Winston, pp. 175-181.
30 Basic Speech Experiences,
Clark Publishing Company.
American Petroleum Institute, free brochures, booklets, etc.
Magazines - various magazines showing oil pollution and results.

Audio-Visual:

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Rocks That Form Underground, Encyclopedia Britannica Films, Inc.

Community:

CONTINUED OR ADDED LEARNING ACTIVITIES

Classroom: (Continued)

- F. 1. Could be done on small outside pond.
- 2. Large pan or aquarium in the school room.
- 3. Use sand for beach.
- 4. Small plants.
- G. Students will use model for:
- 1. Investigation for burning oil out of the water.
- a. Measure temp. of water.
- b. How it affects plant and animal life.
- c. How the fire is contained.
- . Floating materials around the oil. Some standard methods being used and proposed.
- Teacher-approved student ideas for dispersing the oil.
- 4. Students may suggest the following:
- a. Chemical action
- b. Agitation of the water
- c. Controlled burning
- . Wind

